

# Quality Of Birth Certificate Management Services in the Department of Population and Civil Registration Bojonegoro District

*by Ahmad Suprastiyo .*

---

**Submission date:** 07-Jun-2021 11:44AM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 1601880159

**File name:** Jurnal\_IJISRT\_PRAS.pdf (566.74K)

**Word count:** 2194

**Character count:** 12042

# Quality Of Birth Certificate Management Services in the Department of Population and Civil Registration Bojonegoro District

Ahmad Suprastiyo

The Faculty of Social and Political Sciences, University of Bojonegoro

**Abstract:-** Improving the quality of public services is an important concern for the government, this is evidenced by the enactment of Law Number 25 of 2009 concerning Public Services. Services maintenance of a birth certificate is an administrative services provided by the government to its citizens. However, the reality in the field of birth certificate management services at the Population and Civil Registration Service Office is not yet in accordance with the expectations of the community in getting public services, this can be explained in birth certificate services that often occur delays, so applicants have to wait two to three days. This study aims to identify and explain services processing of birth certificates at the Office of Population and Civil Registration. This type of research is descriptive research with a qualitative approach. Determination of informants using purposive and incidental sampling. Data analysis uses data collection, data reduction, data display, and conclusion drawing / verifying. The results of the study based on community satisfaction survey showed that service quality management of a birth certificate get a good category.

**Keywords:-** Birth Certificate, Quality, Service.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Public service is an activity or a series of activities in order to fulfill service needs in accordance with statutory regulations for every citizen and resident of goods, services and / or administrative services provided by public service providers. Public services provided by the government or effective corporations can strengthen democracy and human rights, promote economic prosperity, social cohesion, reduce poverty, improve environmental protection, be wise in the use of natural resources, deepen trust in government and public administration. The prime service quality is the service that brings the government closer to the community. This is realized by knowing and analyzing various problems faced by the community, to then create an efficient service strategy.

Improving the quality of public services is an important concern for the government, this is evidenced by the enactment of Law Number 25 of 2009 concerning Public Services and Regulation of the Minister of State Apparatus Empowerment and Bureaucratic Reform

Number 14 of 2017 concerning Guidelines for Community Satisfaction Surveys on Public Service Delivery. The Department of Population and Civil Registration of Bojonegoro Regency is one of the implementers of public administration services in the East Java region. This population service includes population registration and civil registration. Resident registration includes the management of Family Cards, Electronic Identity Cards, transfer documents, and Child Identity Cards, while civil registration includes processing birth certificate quotes, excerpts of death certificates, quotations of divorce certificates, recording children's confessions and child legalization, recording name changes, and recording change of citizenship.

At the time of the initial observation at the Population and Civil Registration Office of Bojonegoro Regency, there were several complaints from the public about service performance in managing birth certificate documents, family cards, and electronic identity cards. Especially in birth certificate services there are often delays, so applicants have to wait two to three days. Based on these problems, it is known that the Department of Population and Civil Registration of Bojonegoro Regency has not provided services in accordance with the expectations and desires of the community.

## II. RESEARCH METHODS

This type of research is a descriptive study with a qualitative approach. The focus of this research is requirements, systems, mechanisms and procedures, completion time, costs / rates, product specifications for types of services, competency of executors, behavior of executors, handling of complaints, suggestions and input, means. Retrieval of research informants using purposive and incidental sampling techniques, in the research process inventory primary data sources were 50 informants. Sources of data used are primary data sources and secondary data by means of observation, questionnaires and documentation. In analyzing using interactive data analysis techniques Model miles and Huberman, who argued that "activities in qualitative data analysis carried out interactively and continue to completion. Activities in data analysis, namely data reduction, data display and conclusion drawing / verifying" (in Sugiyono 2011 : 404).

### III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Public Satisfaction Survey<sup>10</sup> is carried out in accordance with the provisions in the Regulation of the Minister of Administrative Reform and Bureaucratic Reform Number 14 of 2017 concerning Guidelines for the Survey of Community Satisfaction on Public Service Delivery. The previous regulations were deemed non-operational and required technical elaboration in their implementation. So it needs to be adjusted to an applicable survey method and easy to implement. In addition, this Regulation is intended to provide clear and firm directions and guidelines for public service providers.

In the Regulation of the Minister of State Apparatus Empowerment and Bureaucratic Reform Number 14 of 2017, it is stated that the Community Satisfaction Survey aims to measure the level of community satisfaction as

service users and improve the quality of public service delivery. With goals: encouraging participation mobilization of service users in assessing the performance of service providers, encouraging providers of care for meningkatkan quality of public services, encouraging service providers become more innovative in menyelenggarakan public services, encouraging kecenderungan community satisfaction levels against public service. According to Wyckoff and Lovelock in their book, which is quoted and translated by Fandy Tjiptono (2005: 60), there are two main factors that affect service quality, namely *respected service* and *perceived service*.

#### ➤ Requirements

Requirements are requirements that must be met in administering a type of service, both technical and administrative requirements. The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 1 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	It is not in accordance with	1	2
2	less suitable	9	18
3	Corresponding	28	56
4	Perfectly fit	12	24
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 1:- Respondents' responses to requirements  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 2%, while those who answered point 2 were 18%, then those who answered point 3 were 56%, and those who answered point 4 were 24%.

#### ➤ Systems, mechanisms and procedures

Systems, mechanisms and procedures are procedures for services performed for service providers and recipients, including complaints. The questionnaire result data is as follows:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	not easy	2	4
2	not easy	9	18
3	easy	24	48
4	Very easy	15	30
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 2:- Response Systems, mechanisms and procedures  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 4%, while those who answered point 2 were 18%, then those who answered point 3 were 48%, and those who answered point 4 were 30%.

#### ➤ Turnaround time

Turnaround time is the time required to complete the entire service process of each type of service. The questionnaire result data is as follows:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	not fast	0	0
2	less fast	2	4
3	fast	48	96
4	Very fast	0	0
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 3:- Response w ime settlement  
Source: Primary Data Processed

It can be seen that respondents who answered point 1 were as much as 0%, while those who answered point 2 were as much as 0%, then those who answered point 3 were 4%, and those who answered point 4 were as much as 96%.

➤ *Fees / Rates*

Fees / tariffs are fees charged to service recipients in managing and / or obtaining services from the operator, the amount of which is determined based on an agreement between the organizer and the community . The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 4 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	Very expensive	0	0
2	Quite expensive	0	0
3	Cheap	4	8
4	Free	46	92
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 4:- Cost / Tariff response  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 0%, while those who answered point 2 were 0%, then those who answered point 3 were 8%, and those who answered point 4 were 92%.

➤ *Product Specifications Type of Service*

Product Specifications Type of Service is the result of services provided and received in accordance with the stipulated provisions . This service product is the result of each type of service specification . The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 5 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	it is not in accordance with	0	0
2	not suitable	8	16
3	corresponding	31	62
4	Very suitable	11	22
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 5:- Product Responses Specifications Type of Service  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 0%, while those who answered point 2 were 16%, then those who answered point 3 were 62%, and those who answered point 4 were 22%.

➤ *Implementing Competencies*

Implementer competencies are abilities that must be possessed by executors including knowledge of skills and experience. The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 6 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	incompetent	1	2
2	less competent	4	8
3	competent	36	72
4	Very competent	9	18
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 6:- Implementing Competency Responses  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 2%, while those who answered point 2 were 14%, then those who answered point 3 were 76%, and those who answered point 4 were 8%.

➤ *Implementing Behavior*

Implementing behavior is the attitude of officers in providing services . The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 7 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	disrespectful & friendly	1	2
2	Not polite & friendly	7	14
3	Polite and friendly	38	76
4	Very polite and friendly	4	8
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 7:- Implementing Behavior Responses  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 2%, while those who answered point 2 were 14%, then those who answered point 3 were 76%, and those who answered point 4 were 8%.

➤ *Handling complaints, suggestions and input*

Complaint handling, suggestions and input are the procedures for handling complaints and follow-up actions. The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 8 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	disrespectful & friendly	1	2
2	Not polite & friendly	7	14
3	Polite and friendly	38	76
4	Very polite and friendly	4	8
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 8:- Responses to handling complaints, suggestions and input  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 0%, while those who answered point 2 were 30%, then those who answered point 3 were 64%, and those who answered point 4 were 6%.

6  
➤ *Facilities and Infrastructure*

Means are anything that can be used as a means to achieve goals and objectives. Infrastructure is anything that is the main support for the implementation of a process (business, development, project). Facilities used for moving objects (computers, machines) and infrastructure for immovable objects (buildings). The data from the questionnaire results are as shown in table 9 below:

No	Respondents	Count	Percentage (%)
1	Bad	0	0
2	Enough	15	30
3	Well	32	64
4	Very good	3	6
	<b>Amount</b>	50	100

Table 9:- Response to Facilities and Infrastructure  
Source: Primary Data Processed

Respondents who answered point 1 were 0%, while those who answered point 2 were 22%, then those who answered point 3 were 68%, and those who answered point 4 were 10%.

The value of each quality indicator of birth certificate processing is in table 10 below:

No	Service Indicators	Average value
1	Requirements	3.02
2	Systems, mechanisms and procedures	3.04
3	Turnaround time	2.96
4	Fees / Rates	3.92
5	Product Specifications Type of Service	3.06
6	Implementing Competencies	3.06
7	Implementing Behavior	2.90
8	Handling complaints, suggestions and input	2.76
9	Facilities and infrastructure	2.88
	Average value	3.07

Table 10:- Value of Quality Indicators of Birth Certificate Management

Source: Primary Data Processed

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of research on the quality of birth certificate management services at the Bojonegoro Regency Population and Civil Registration Office, it is concluded that the Community Satisfaction Survey (SKM) on the quality of public services at the Bojonegoro Regency Population and Civil Registration Service Office can be assessed from 9 aspects of SKM Certificate Management Services Birth got a good category (3.07) .

#### REFERENCES

- [1]. Sugiyono, 2011, Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif dan R&D. Bandung: Afabeta.
- [2]. Tjiptono Fandy, 2005, Service, Quality and Saticfaction. Yogyakarta: Andi Offset.
- [3]. Tjiptono Fandy, 2008. Service Management Mewujudkan Layanan Prima. Yogyakarta: Andi Offset
- [4]. Undang-Undang Nomor 25 Tahun 2009 tentang Pelayanan Publik
- [5]. Peraturan Menteri Pendayagunaan Aparatur Negara dan Reformasi Birokrasi Nomor 14 Tahun 2017 tentang Pedoman Penyusunan Survei Kepuasan Masyarakat

# Quality Of Birth Certificate Management Services in the Department of Population and Civil Registration Bojonegoro District

## ORIGINALITY REPORT

**21** %  
SIMILARITY INDEX

**16** %  
INTERNET SOURCES

**17** %  
PUBLICATIONS

**11** %  
STUDENT PAPERS

## PRIMARY SOURCES

**1** Gopika Nair, Mayuri Chawla, Narendra Bawane. "Automatic Farming for Minimum Water Usage and Animal Protection Using Solar Fencing with GSM", 2020 International Conference on Innovative Trends in Information Technology (ICITIIT), 2020 **3** %  
Publication

**2** I Nyoman Gede Prajanata Datutusta, Siti Rochmah, Fadilah Amin. "Quality of Functional Services for Private University Lecturers (Studies at the Office of LLDIKTI Region VIII)", HOLISTICA – Journal of Business and Public Administration, 2020 **2** %  
Publication

**3** [www.emeraldinsight.com](http://www.emeraldinsight.com) **2** %  
Internet Source

**4** [www.ijlrhss.com](http://www.ijlrhss.com) **2** %  
Internet Source

5	Internet Source	1 %
6	Submitted to Universitas Negeri Semarang Student Paper	1 %
7	article.sciencepublishinggroup.com Internet Source	1 %
8	Submitted to University of Western Australia Student Paper	1 %
9	repository.ut.ac.id Internet Source	1 %
10	Mawar Sukma Sinaga, Adji Suradji Muhammad. "MELALUI SURVEI KEPUASAN MASYARAKAT: TINGKATKAN KUALITAS LAYANAN PENDIDIKAN", JIAP (Jurnal Ilmu Administrasi Publik), 2020 Publication	1 %
11	Trio Saputra, Bunga Chintia Utami. "Road Map Bureaucracy Reform Public Service Government Provincial Riau", Jurnal Perspektif Pembiayaan dan Pembangunan Daerah, 2017 Publication	1 %
12	Submitted to Universitas Krisnadwipayana - Faculty of Administration Student Paper	1 %
13	digilib.iain-palangkaraya.ac.id Internet Source	1 %

14	<a href="http://usir.salford.ac.uk">usir.salford.ac.uk</a> Internet Source	1 %
15	<a href="http://etheses.uin-malang.ac.id">etheses.uin-malang.ac.id</a> Internet Source	1 %
16	Muhammad Khairani. "Officials Ethics for the Transportation Ministry to Serve Community and State", KnE Social Sciences, 2021 Publication	<1 %
17	Novita Eka Sari, Indasah Indasah, Sentot Imam Suprpto. "Analysis of Waiting Time Factors and Patient Satisfaction Level in Diseases Poly in Hospital dr. Sayidiman Magetan", Journal for Quality in Public Health, 2020 Publication	<1 %
18	<a href="http://www.neliti.com">www.neliti.com</a> Internet Source	<1 %
19	<a href="http://jurnal.untag-sby.ac.id">jurnal.untag-sby.ac.id</a> Internet Source	<1 %
20	Tri Yuniningsih, Endang Larasati, Nurul Lutfiana, Diah Hariani, Susi Sulandari. "Relative Advantage Dimensions In The Online Health Information System (SINAKES) In Semarang City of Central Java", Journal of Applied Science, Engineering, Technology, and Education, 2020 Publication	<1 %

---

Exclude quotes      Off

Exclude matches      Off

Exclude bibliography      On